DOES ACUPUNCTURE WORK?

Yes, in the past 2,000 years, more people have been successfully treated with acupuncture than with all other health modalities combined!

Today, acupuncture is practices in Asia, the now disbanded Soviet Union, and in Europe. It is now being used more and more in America by patients and physicians.

Acupuncture treatments can be given at the same time as other modalities are being used, such as conventional Western medicine, osteopathic or chiropractic adjustments, and homeopathic or naturopathic prescriptions. It is important that we know everything that you are doing so that we can help you get the most benefit from all your treatments.

DO I HAVE TO BELIEVE IN ACUPUNCTURE FOR IT TO WORK?

No. Acupuncture is used successfully on cats, dogs, horses, and other animals. These animal patients do not understand or believe in the process that helps them get better. A positive attitude toward wellness may reinforce the effects of the treatment received, just as a negative attitude may hinder the effects of acupuncture or any other treatment. A neutral attitude ("I don't know if I can really believe in this.") will not block treatment results.

ARE THERE ANY "DO'S OR DON'TS" FOR ME ON THE DAY OF TREATMENT?

Yes. To enhance the value of a treatment, the following guidelines are important:

- 1) Do not eat an unusually large meal immediately before or after your treatment,
- 2) Do not over-exercise or consume alcoholic beverages within six hours before or after treatment,

- 3) Plan your activities so that after the treatments you can get some rest, or at least not have to be working at top performance. This is especially important for the first few visits.
- 4) Continue to take any prescription medicines as directed by your regular doctor. Substance abuse (drugs and alcohol), especially in the week prior to treatment, will seriously interfere with the effectiveness of the acupuncture treatments.
 - * Source: American Academy of Medical Acupuncture

David P. Sniezek, DC, MD, FAAMA is on the Attending/Consulting Staff at Children's National Medical Center in Washington, DC where he provides medical services for general pain management. He works with the Pediatric Advanced Needs Assessment and Care Team (PANDA) which is in the Children's Oncology Group within the Center for Cancer and Blood Disorders. Dr. Sniezek is a graduate of the Rehabilitation Medicine program at the George Washington University Medical Center and the UCLA School of Medicine and Harvard Medical School Postgraduate programs for Medical Acupuncture. Dr. Sniezek has special interest in Rehabilitation Medicine, Pain Management, and Integrative Medicine. He is a Fellow of American Association of Integrative Medicine and the American Academy of Medical Acupuncture. He has authored numerous medical articles and is on the Editorial Board of Medical Acupuncture. Dr. Sniezek has been recognized by the Washingtonian Magazine as a "Top Doctor" in the field of Rehabilitation Medicine for over 15 years consecutively. Dr. Sniezek has offices in McLean, Virginia as well as Washington, DC. He is also on the medical staff at GW Hospital, Washington Hospital Center and Sibley Memorial Hospital where he practices Rehabilitation Medicine and Pain Management.

DAVID P. SNIEZEK, DC, MD, FAAMA 908 New Hampshire Ave., NW #500 Washington, DC 20037

202-296-3555

PEDIATRIC
MEDICAL ACUPUNCTURE

A Brief Explanation for Patients from

DAVID P. SNIEZEK, DC, MD, FAAMA

Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation Medical Acupuncture & Pain Management

Children's National Medical Center

Pediatric Advanced Needs Assessment and Care Team (PANDA) Center for Cancer and Blood Disorders 111 Michigan Ave NW Washington DC 20010

> 908 New Hampshire Ave., NW #500 Washington, DC 20037 **202-296-3555**

www.AdvancedIntegrativeRehabilitation.com



"Excellence in Integrative Rehabilitation"

TRADITIONAL AND COMPLEMENTARY HEALTH CARE NEEDS

www.AdvancedIntegrativeRehabilitation.com

ACUPUNCTURE. WHAT IS IT?

Acupuncture is a method of encouraging the body to promote natural healing and to improve function. This is done by inserting needles and applying heat or electrical stimulation at very precise acupuncture points.

HOW DOES ACUPUNCTURE WORK?

The classical Chinese explanation is that channels of energy run in regular patterns throughout the body and over its surface. These energy channels, called meridians, are like rivers flowing through the body to irrigate and nourish the tissues. An obstruction in the movement of these energy rivers is like a dam that backs up the flow in one part of the body and restricts it in others.

The meridians can be influenced by needling the acupuncture points; the acupuncture needles unblock the obstructions at the dams, and reestablish the regular flow through the meridians.

Acupuncture treatment can therefore help the body's internal organs to correct imbalances in their digestion, absorption, and energy production activities, and in the circulation of their energy through the meridians.

The modern scientific explanation is that needling the acupuncture points stimulates the nervous system to release chemicals in the muscles, spinal cord, and brain. These chemicals will either change the experience of pain, or they will trigger the release of other chemicals and hormones which influence the body's own internal regulating system.

The improved energy and biochemical balance produced by acupuncture result in stimulating the body's natural healing abilities, and in promoting physical and emotional well-being.

WHAT IS MEDICAL ACUPUNCTURE? IS IT DIFFERENT FROM ORDINARY ACUPUNCTURE?

Acupuncture is a very old medical art, and there are many approaches to learning and practicing it. Medical acupuncture is the term used to describe acupuncture performed by a doctor trained and licensed in Western medicine that has also had thorough training in acupuncture as a specialty practice. Such a doctor can use one or the other approach, or a combination of both as the need arises, to treat an illness.

WHAT IS THE SCOPE OF MEDICAL ACUPUNCTURE?

Medical acupuncture is a system which can influence three areas of health care:

- 1) Promotion of health and well-being,
- 2) Prevention of illness,
- 3) Treatment of various medical conditions.

While acupuncture is often associated with pain control, in the hands of a well-trained practitioner it has much broader applications. Acupuncture can be effective as the only treatment used, or as the support or adjunct to other medical treatment forms in many medical and surgical disorders. The World Health Organization recognizes the use of acupuncture in the treatment of a wide range of medical problems, including:

- 1) Digestive disorders: gastritis and hyper-acidity, spastic colon, constipation, diarrhea.
- 2) Respiratory disorders: sinusitis, sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, recurrent chest infections.
- 3) Neurological and muscular disorders: headaches, facial tics, neck pain, rib neuritis, frozen shoulder, tennis elbow, various forms of tendonitis, low back pain, sciatica, osteoarthritis.
- 4) Urinary, menstrual, and reproductive problems.

Acupuncture is particularly useful in resolving physical problems related to tension and stress and emotional conditions. At this time, pediatric medical acupuncture at CNMC is used for pain management as well as nausea and vomiting.

HOW MANY TREATMENTS DO I NEED?

The number of treatments needed differs from person to person. For complex or long-standing conditions, one or two treatments per week for several months may be recommended. For acute problems, usually fewer visits are required, and for health maintenance, four sessions a year may be all that is necessary.

ARE THERE ANY SIDE EFFECTS?

Usually not. As energy is redirected in the body, internal chemicals and hormones are stimulated and healing begins to take place. Occasionally the original symptoms worsen for a few days, or other general changes in appetite, sleep, bowel or urination pattern, or emotional state may be triggered. These should not cause concern, as they are simply indications that the acupuncture is starting to work.

It is quite common with the first or second treatment to have a sensation of deep relaxation or even mild disorientation immediately following the treatment. These will pass within a short time, and never require anything more than a bit of rest to overcome this.

WHAT ARE THE NEEDLES LIKE? DO THEY HURT?

Children experience acupuncture needling differently. Some experience only a minimal pinch as the needles are inserted; most feel no pain at all. Once the needles are in place, there is no pain felt.

Acupuncture needles are very thin and solid and are made from stainless steel. The point is smooth (not hollow with cutting edges like a hypodermic needle) and insertion through the skin is not as painful as injections or blood sampling. The risk of bruising and skin irritation is less than when using a hollow needle.

Because we use only single-use sterile disposable needles, there is no risk of infection from the treatments.